(ei) what steps have been taken accordingly and with what results?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE AND THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND); (a) to (c) The recommendations contained in the 116th and 118th. Reports of the Law Commission regarding the creation of the All India Judicial Service and uniformity in the service conditions of the Subordinate Judicial Service >n the various States are under consideration of the Government in consultation with the State Govefrnmens and Union Territories administrations, since May, 1987 .

Restructuring of the Institute of Jute Technology

*410. SHRI DEBA PRASAD RAY: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are contem plating to set up a task force to evolve guidelines for restructuring the Institute rof Jute. Technology so as to engage the Institute to impart training in basic research on science and technology of various textile fibres, natural and synthetic, as proposed by the Hon'hle Minister him-self-

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) whether it is a fact that this Institute is the only one in the world offering training in jute technology and admitting students from different Asian and African countries?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA); (a) and (b) The Government have already constituted vide No. 10J3I86-EP (T&J-IID dated 29th January, 1988 a High Level Committee under the Chairmanship of Dr. T. Radhakrishnan, Director of Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association to study the problems of the Institute of Jute Technology and to suggest measure for it revitalisation. The terms of references of the Committee are as under:—

(i) To study the present state of affairs of the Institute with reference to its academic, administrative, financial and other arrangements;

(ii) To analyse the problems and difficulties faced by the Institute and suggest long term solutions for its problems particularly in respect of its adminitative structure, the problem of land for the Institute, salary structure for the teaching and non-teaching staff of the Institute;

(iii) To pin point and determine the role to be played by the Jute Industry, Govt., of West Bengal, Calcutta University and the Govt, of India, in the future management of the Institute;

(iv) To examine whether basic research as well as integrated study of different fibres of Textiles Industry can be ■undertaken by the Institute, so as to make the trainees of he Institute useful to the textile industry as a whole;

. (v) Any other matter considered relevant by the Committee to the future restructuring and vital^Sation of the Institute. .

(c) Yes, Sir. The Institute of Jute Technology is now the only Institute in the world for higher studieg of the personnel for jute manufacture. The Institute has been admitting students from neighbouring jute producing countries of Bangladesh, Nepal, Vietnam etc. whenever there is a request from the respective countries.

Construction of Neradi Dam

•411. SHRI BASUDEB MOHAPATRA: Wil! the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to refer to th* answer to Unstarred Question 2090 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 13th March, 1987 and state;

(a) whether anv agreement has since been reached between Orissa and Andhra Pradesh Governments for the construction